INSTALL NOTES: FC LED



We have developed this series of field installation guidelines to assist you in correctly installing fixtures and transformers, ensuring customer satisfaction and trouble-free service. If you have any questions, please call your local distributor or the FX TechLine at 800-733-2823 before proceeding. Follow all NEC guidelines and local electrical codes. For more information, visit: fxl.com

TYPICAL INSTALLATION:

Faceplate screws require consistent and equal torque for proper sealing Complete Installation Complete Installation Installation sleeve

INSTALLATION GUIDELINES:

DO NOT EXCEED 15 VOLTS IN THIS FIXTURE

The LEDs in this product function ideally when the incoming voltage is between 10–15 volts. Voltages outside of this range may damage the LEDs, shorten their life, and cause unsatisfactory performance. The use of improper voltage voids the product warranty. Only use a UL 1838 approved power supply.

The LED board in this product is designed to offer years of use without replacement. Should you have a need to replace the LED board, please contact your local FX distributor for a board replacement and the necessary instructions.

For proper installation, use the included DBYR-6 connectors for line connection. Start by making connections to the home run with the included wire nuts. Finish by plunging each completed wire nut into the connector fully and snapping the top close. This procedure must be followed in order to properly prevent water intrusion.

Install with a base under the fixture of 3-6" of drain gravel. Do not install without the Installation Sleeve.

RISK OF FIRE WARNING: DO NOT USE FX FIXTURES WITH ANY STYLE OF TRANSFORMER THAT EXCEEDS 15 VOLTS ON THE SECONDARY.

Always secure the top shield over the unit while in field. In order to service or change the LED board remove the top shield and inner module. Remove the screws from the LED module, service and reattach in a star pattern in order to seal evenly. Make sure to bottom out each screw with even pressure to properly seal module o-ring.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS:

WARNING - To reduce the risk of FIRE OR INJURY TO PERSON:

- Turn off/unplug and allow to cool before replacing lamp.
- Lamp gets HOT quickly. Contact only switch/plug when turning on.
- Do not touch hot lens, guard, or enclosure.
- Keep lamp away from materials that may burn.
- Do not touch the lamp at any time. Use a soft cloth.
- · Oil from skin may damage lamp.
- Do not operate the luminaire fitting with a missing or damaged shield.

WARNING - Risk of Electric Shock

- Install all luminaires 10 feet (3.05 m) or more from a pool, spa, or fountain.
- A luminaire shall not use tungsten halogen lamps unless the luminaire is marked for such lamps.

LOW VOLTAGE CABLE SHALL:

- 1. Be protected by routing in close proximity to the luminaire or fitting, or next to a building structure such as a house or deck.
- Not be buried except for a maximum 6 inches (15.2 cm) in order to connect to the main low voltage cable.
- 3. Have the length cut off so that it is connected to a connector within 6 inches (15.2 cm) from a building structure, a luminaire, or fitting.

INSTALL NOTES: LED SYSTEM LAYOUT



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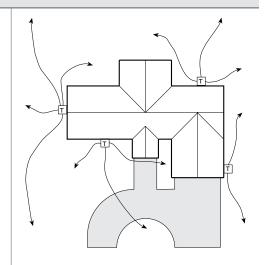
TRANSFORMERS

Single Transformer

When using only one transformer, it is very important to center the transformer on the wattage load. If the project calls for 135 watts in both front and back yard, the transformer should be centered on the side of the house that will receive the most lighting. A common mistake is to locate the single transformer on the service side of the house or in the garage, which might result in excessively long cable runs to reach lighted areas. The primary goal in laying out low voltage systems is to minimize cable runs because of voltage drop.

Multiple Transformers

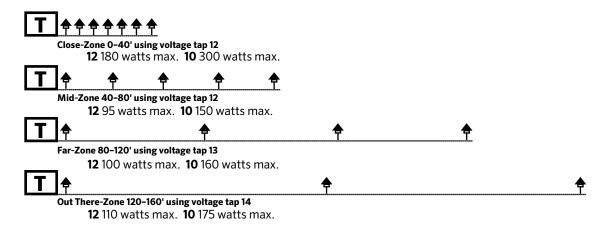
A common mistake in laying out multiple transformer circuits is to group several transformers in one location because of utility or visual considerations only. As with any low voltage layout, the prime directive should be to locate the transformers as close to the fixtures as possible in order to minimize cable runs. The other multi-transformer layout consideration is "use zoning". Having several transformers allows the client to selectively control light in separate areas. This approach is similar to irrigation design in that the goal is to individually control areas that have similar needs. In lighting, a recreation area has different lighting needs than does a front entry. Therefore, the lights that serve these different lighting use areas need to be on separate transformers and switch controls.



Sample diagram of home with transformer and lamp placement $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$

CIRCUITING GUIDELINES





LED LIFE

- For maximum light output, tune lighting circuits to provide between 10 and 15 volts as measured at lamp terminals when all of the lamps on the circuit are operating.
- Voltage can be regulated by adjusting circuit load/run.
- To determine circuit voltage, use a digital voltmeter.