

FOR ANY EMERGENCY, 24 HOURS / 7 DAYS, CALL:

FOR ALL TRANSPORTATION ACCIDENTS, CALL CHEMTREC®:

FOR ALL MSDS QUESTIONS & REQUESTS, CALL:

1-800-654-6911 (OUTSIDE USA: 1-423-780-2970) 1-800-424-9300 (OUTSIDE USA: 1-703-527-3887) 1-800-511-MSDS (OUTSIDE USA: 1-423-780-2347)

# PRODUCT NAME: Super Shockwave Shock Treatment for Swimming Pools

EPA Registration Number: 1258-1239-42177

### **1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

Arch Chemicals, Inc.	REVISION DATE:	04/21/2010
501 Merritt 7 PO Box 5204	SUPERCEDES:	04/13/2010
Norwalk, CT 06856-5204	MSDS Number: SYNONYMS: CHEMICAL FAMILY: DESCRIPTION / USE: FORMULA:	00000004142 None Hypochlorite Sanitizer and Oxidizer NOT APPLICABLE/MIXTURE

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

OSHA Hazard Classification:	Toxic by inhala	ation., Corrosive to eyes a	nd skin, Lung toxin, Ox	kidizer
Routes of Entry: Chemical Interactions: Medical Conditions Ag		Inhalation, skin, eyes, inge No known or reported inter Asthma, respiratory and ca	actions.	
Human Threshold Res	ponse Data			
Odor Threshold	Approximately	1.4 mg/m3 (based on odor thre	shold of chlorine)	
Irritation Threshold	Approximately 13	3-22 mg/m3 (based on irritation thre	eshold of chlorine)	
Hazardous Materia	als Identificatior	n System / National Fire Pr	otection Association C	lassifications
Hazard Ratings :	Health	<u>Flammability</u>	Physical / Instability	PPI / Special
HMIS	3	0	1	hazard.

0

1

OX

3

NFPA



#### Immediate (Acute) Health Effects

HARMFUL IF PRODUCT IS INHALED IN HIGH CONCENTRATIONS. CAUSES BURNS TO RESPIRATORY TRACT. Inhalation of dust or
vapor from this product can be irritating to the nose, mouth, throat and
lungs. In confined areas, mechanical agitation can result in high levels
of dust, and reaction with incompatible materials (as listed in Section 10)
can result in high concentrations of chlorine vapor, either of which may
result in burns to the respiratory tract, producing lung edema, shortness
of breath, wheezing, choking, chest pains, impairment of lung function
and possible permanent lung damage.
DRY MATERIAL CAUSES MODERATE SKIN IRRITATION. WET
MATERIAL CAUSES SKIN BURNS. Dermal exposure to dry material
causes moderate skin irritation characterized by redness and swelling.
Dermal exposure to wet material can cause severe irritation and/or
burns characterized by redness, swelling and scab formation. Prolonged
skin exposure may cause permanent damage.
CAUSES BURNS TO EYES. Severe irritation and/or burns can occur
following eye exposure. Direct contact may cause impairment of vision and corneal damage.
MODERATELY TOXIC IF SWALLOWED. CAUSES BURNS TO
DIGESTIVE TRACT. Irritation and/or burns can occur to the entire
gastrointestinal tract, including the stomach and intestines,
characterized by nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, abdominal pain, bleeding,
and/or tissue ulceration or perforation. Significant exposure to this
material can lead to serious health effects and/or death.
This product is corrosive to all tissues contacted and upon inhalation,
may cause irritation to mucous membranes and respiratory tract., The
dry material is irritating to the skin. However when wet, it will produce
burns to the skin.

### Prolonged (Chronic) Health Effects

Carcinogenicity:	This product is not known or reported to be carcinogenic by any reference source including IARC, OSHA, NTP or EPA.
Reproductive and	No reproductive or developmental risk to humans is expected from
Developmental Toxicity:	exposure to this product.
Inhalation:	Repeated inhalation exposure may cause impairment of lung function and permanent lung damage.
Skin Contact:	Effects similar to those from acute exposure. In addition, chronic exposure to wet material may cause effects secondary to tissue destruction.
Ingestion:	There are no known or reported effects from chronic ingestion except for effects similar to those experienced from single exposure. The acute corrosivity of this product, makes chronic ingestion of significant amounts unlikely.
Sensitization:	This material is not known or reported to be a skin or respiratory sensitizer.
Chronic Target Organ Toxicity:	There are no known or reported effects from repeated exposure except those secondary to burns.



Supplemental Health Hazard Information :

No additional health information available.

### **3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

CAS OR CHEMICAL NAME	<u>CAS #</u>	<u>% RANGE</u>
CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE	7778-54-3	60 - 80
SODIUM CHLORIDE	7647-14-5	10 - 20
CALCIUM CHLORATE	10137-74-3	0 - 5
CALCIUM CHLORIDE	10043-52-4	0 - 5
CALCIUM HYDROXIDE	1305-62-0	0 - 4
CALCIUM CARBONATE	471-34-1	0 - 5
Water	7732-18-5	7 - 16

### **4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

General Advice:	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. For 24-hour emergency medical assistance, call Arch Chemical Emergency Action Network at 1-800-654-6911. Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.
Inhalation:	IF INHALED: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
Skin Contact:	IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.



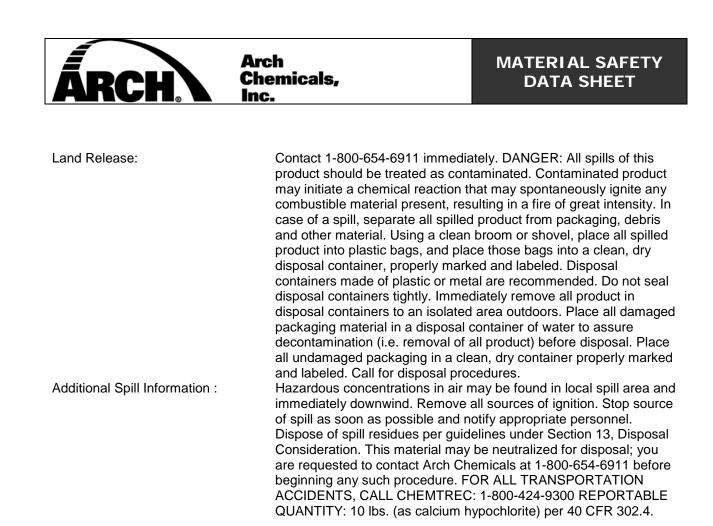
Eye Contact:	IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20
	minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then
	continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
Ingestion:	IF SWALLOWED: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment
	advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce
	vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give
	anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Notes to Physician:	Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

### **5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

Flammability Summary (OSHA):	This product is chemically reactive with many substances. Any contamination of the product with other substances by spill or otherwise may result in a chemical reaction and fire., This product is a strong oxidizer which is capable of intensifying a fire once started., Product is not known to be flammable, combustible or pyrophoric.
Flammable Properties	
Flash Point:	Not applicable
Autoignition Temperature:	Not applicable
Extinguishing Media:	Water only. Do not use dry extinguishers containing ammonium compounds.
Fire Fighting Instructions:	Use water to cool containers exposed to fire. See Section 6 for protective equipment for fire fighting.
Upper Flammable / Explosive Limit,	% in air: Not applicable
Lower Flammable / Explosive Limit,	% in air: Not applicable

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Protection for Emergency Situations:	Response to a large quantity spill (100 pounds or greater) or when dusting or decomposition gas exposure could occur requires the use of a positive pressure full face supplied air repirator or self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA), chemical resistant gloves, coveralls and boots. In case of fire, this personal protective equipment should be used in addition to normal fire fighter equipment.
Spill Mitigation Procedures	
Air Release:	Vapors may be suppressed by the use of water fog. All water utilized to assist in fume suppression, decontamination or fire suppression may be contaminated and must be contained before disposal and/or treatment.
Water Release:	This product is heavier than water. This material is soluble in water. Monitor all exit water for available chlorine and pH. Advise local authorities of any contaminated water release.



### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:	Avoid inhalation of dust and fumes. Do not take internally. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Upon contact with skin or eyes, wash off with water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
Storage:	Keep product tightly sealed in original containers. Store product in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Store away from combustible or flammable products. Keep product packaging clean and free of all contamination, including, e.g. other pool treatment products, acids, organic materials, nitrogen-containing compounds, dry powder fire extinguishers (containing mono-ammonium phosphate), oxidizers, all corrosive liquids, flammable or combustible materials, etc.
Shelf Life Limitations:	Do not store product where the average daily temperature exceeds 95° F. Storage above this temperature may result in rapid decomposition, evolution of chlorine gas and heat sufficient to ignite combustible products. Shelf life (that is, the period of time before the product goes below stated label strength) is determined by storage time and temperatures. Store in a cool, dry and well ventilated area. Prolonged storage at elevated temperatures will significantly shorten the shelf life. Storage in a climate controlled storage area or building is recommended in those areas where extremes of high temperature occur.



Incompatible Materials for Storage:	Do not allow product to come in contact with other materials,
	including e.g. other pool treatment products, acids, organic
	materials, nitrogen-containing compounds, dry powder fire
	extinguishers (containing mono-ammonium phosphate), oxidizers,
	all corrosive liquids, flammable or combustible materials, etc. A
	chemical reaction with such substances can cause a fire of great
	intensity.
Do Not Store At temperatures Above	: Average daily temperature of 35° C / 95° F. Storage above this temperature may result in rapid decomposition, evolution of chlorine gas and heat sufficient to ignite combustible products.
	chionne gas and heat suncient to ignite compusible products.

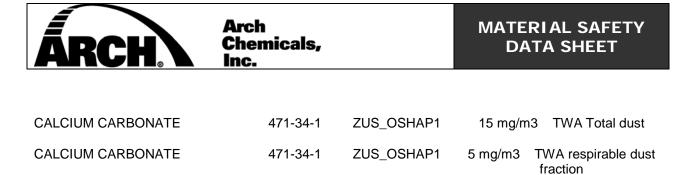
### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ventilation:	Local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls are normally required when handling or using this product to keep airborne exposures below the TLV, PEL or other recommended exposure limit.

#### Protective Equipment for Routine Use of Product

Respiratory Protection :	Wear a NIOSH approved respirator if levels above the exposure limits are possible.
Respirator Type :	A NIOSH approved full-face air purifying respirator equipped with combination chlorine/P100 cartridges. Air purifying respirators should not be used in oxygen deficient or IDLH atmospheres or if exposure concentrations exceed ten (10) times the published limit.
Skin Protection :	Wear impervious gloves to avoid skin contact. A full impervious suit is recommended if exposure is possible to a large portion of the body. A safety shower should be provided in the immediate work area.
Eye Protection:	Use chemical goggles. Emergency eyewash should be provided in the immediate work area.
Protective Clothing Type:	Neoprene, Nitrile, Natural rubber (This includes: gloves, boots, apron, protective suit)
Exposure Limit Data	

CHEMICAL NAME	<u>CAS #</u>	Name of Limit	Exposure
CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE	7778-54-3	ARCH-ROEG*	1 mg/m3 TWA
CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE	7778-54-3	NIOSH-IDLH	37 - 48 mg/m3 based on IDLH concentration of chlorine
CALCIUM HYDROXIDE	1305-62-0	ZUS_ACGIH	5 mg/m3 TWA
CALCIUM HYDROXIDE	1305-62-0	ZUS_OSHAP1	15 mg/m3 TWA total dust
CALCIUM HYDROXIDE	1305-62-0	ZUS_OSHAP1	5 mg/m3 TWA respirable fraction



\*ARCH-ROEG: Arch Recommended Occupational Exposure Guideline.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Form Color: Odor: Molecular Weight: Specific Gravity : pH : Boiling Point: Freezing Point: Melting Point: Density: Vapor Pressure: Vapor Density: Viscosity: Fat Solubility: Solubility in Water:	solid Free flowing, powder white Chlorine-like (Active ingredient)143.00 Not applicable 10.4 - 10.8 (1% solution in neutral, distilled water) (@ 25 Deg. C) Not applicable Not applicable 0.8g/cc (@ 25 Deg. C) Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable No data 18 % (@ 25 Deg. C) Product also contains calcium hydroxide and calcium carbonate which will leave a residue.
Partition coefficient n- octanol/water: Evaporation Rate: Oxidizing: Volatiles, % by vol.: VOC Content HAP Content	No data Not applicable Oxidizer Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable

### **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Stability and Reactivity Summary:	Product is not sensitive to mechanical shock or impact. Product is not sensitive to electrical static discharge. Product will not undergo hazardous polymerization. Product is an NFPA Class 3 oxidizer which can cause a severe increase in fire intensity. Not pyrophoric. Not an organic peroxide. If subjected to excessive temperatures, the product may undergo rapid decomposition, evolution of chlorine gas, and heat sufficient to ignite combustible substances. If product is exposed to small amounts of water, it can react violently to produce heat and toxic gases and spatter. Use copious amounts of water for fires involving this product.
Conditions to Avoid:	Do not store next to heat source, in direct sunlight, or elevated
	storage temperature. Do not store where the daily average

Super Shockwave Shock Treatment for Swimming PoolsREVISION DATE :04/21/2010Page 7 of 14



Chemical Incompatibility:	temperature exceeds 95 °F. Prevent ingress of humidity and moisture into container or package. Always close the lid. This product is chemically reactive with many substances, including, e.g., other pool treatment products, acids, organics, nitrogen-containing compounds, dry powder fire extinguishers (containing mono-ammonium phosphate), oxidizers, corrosive ,flammable or combustible materials. Do not allow product to contact any foreign matter, including other water treatment products. Contamination or improper use may cause a fire of great intensity, explosion or the release of toxic gases. If product is exposed to small amounts of water, it can react violently to produce heat and toxic gases and spatter.
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Chlorine
Decomposition Temperature:	170 - 180 DEG°C - , 338 - 356 DEG°F-

### **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Component Animal Tox	icology
Oral LD50 value: CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE SODIUM CHLORIDE CALCIUM CHLORIDE CALCIUM HYDROXIDE	LD50 (65% calcium hypochlorite) 850 mg/kg Rat LD50 = 3,000 mg/kg Rat LD50 = 1,000 mg/kg Rat LD50 = 7,340 mg/kg Rat
Dermal LD50 value: CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE SODIUM CHLORIDE CALCIUM CHLORIDE CALCIUM HYDROXIDE	LD50 (65% calcium hypochlorite) > 2,000 mg/kg Rabbit LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg Rabbit LD50 = 2,630 mg/kg Rat No data
Inhalation LC50 value: CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE SODIUM CHLORIDE CALCIUM CHLORIDE CALCIUM HYDROXIDE	Inhalation LC50 1 h (65% calcium hypochlorite), (Nose Only) = $2.04$ MG/L Rat Inhalation LC50 4 h (65% calcium hypochlorite), (Nose Only) = $0.51$ MG/L Rat Inhalation LC50 1 h > $42$ MG/L Rat No data No data
•	LD50 Approximately 800 mg/kg Rat LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg Rabbit Inhalation LC50 1.00 h (Nose Only) > 2.04 MG/L Rat Inhalation LC50 4 h (Nose Only) > 0.51 MG/L Rat DRY MATERIAL CAUSES MODERATE SKIN IRRITATION., WET MATERIAL CAUSES SKIN BURNS. Treatment for Swimming Pools 1/2010 Page 8 of 14



Eye Irritation: Skin Sensitization:	Corrosive to eyes. This material is not know	rosive to eyes. Is material is not known or reported to be a skin or respiratory sensitizer.		
Acute Toxicity: Subchronic / Chronic Toxicity:	irritation to mucous men the skin. However when	s product is corrosive to all tissues contacted and upon inhalation, may cause ation to mucous membranes and respiratory tract. The dry material is irritating to skin. However when wet, it will produce burns to the skin. For are no known or reported effects from repeated exposure except those ondary to burns.		
Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity		ite has been tested for teratogenicity in laboratory of this study have shown that calcium hypochlorite is not a		
CALCIUM CHL	ORIDE	Not known or reported to cause reproductive or developmental toxicity.		
Mutagenicity: CALCIUM CHL	mice, and it did not has been reported has, however, bee animals based on frequently are inap chemicals due to a produces mutation concentrations use assays and the lac to humans is judge	ite has been tested in the Dominant lethal assay in male t induce a dominant lethal response. Calcium hypochlorite to produce mutagenic activity in two in vitro assays. It n shown to lack the capability to produce mutations in results from the micronucleus assay. In vitro assays propriate to judge the mutagenic potential of bactericidal high degree of cellular toxicity. The concentration which s in these in vitro assays is significantly greater than the ed for disinfection. Based on high cellular toxicity in in vitro k of mutagenicity in animals, the risk of genetic damage ed not significant. This product was determined to be non-mutagenic in the Ames assay. It was also shown to be non- clastogenic in the chromosomal aberration test.		
Carcinogenicity: CALCIUM CHL	source including IA exposed dermally hypochlorite. Histo incidence of tumor reviewed studies c classified hypochlo carcinogenicity to I hypochlorite salts t (Group 3 Substance)	known or reported to be carcinogenic by any reference ARC, OSHA, NTP or EPA. One hundred mice were 3 times a week for 18 months to a solution of calcium opathological examination failed to show an increased s. IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) onducted with several hypochlorite salts. IARC has orite salts as having inadequate evidence for numans and animals. IARC therefore considers to be not classifiable as to their carcinogenicity to humans ce). This chemical is not known or reported to be carcinogenic by any reference source including IARC, OSHA, NTP, or EPA.		

### **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Overview:

Highly toxic to fish and other aquatic organisms.



#### Ecological Toxicity Values for: CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE

Bluegill	-	(nominal, static). 96 h LC50 0.088 mg/l
Rainbow trout (Salmo gairdneri),	-	(nominal, static). 96 h LC50 0.16 mg/l
Daphnia magna,	-	(nominal, static). 48 h LC50 0.11 mg/l
Bobwhite quail	-	Dietary LC50 > 5,000 ppm
Mallard ducklings	-	Dietary LC50 > 5,000 ppm
Bobwhite quail	-	Oral LD50 3,474 mg/kg
Ecological Toxicity Values for: CALCIUM CHLORIDE		

#### E -...

Bluegill Mosquito fish Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas),	-	(nominal, static). 96 h LC50 = 10,650 mg/l (nominal, static). 96 h LC50 = 13,400 mg/l (nominal, static). 96 h LC50 = 4,630 mg/l
Daphnia magna,		(nominal, static). 48 h LC50= 2,770 mg/l
Ceriodaphnia dubia		(nominal, static). 48 h LC50= 1,830 mg/l
Nitzschia linearis (diatom)	-	(nominal, static). 5 day LC50 = 3,130 mg/l

### **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

CARE MUST BE TAKEN TO PREVENT ENVIRONMENTAL CONTAMINATION FROM THE USE OF THE MATERIAL. THE USER OF THE MATERIAL HAS THE RESPONSIBILITY TO DISPOSE OF UNUSED MATERIAL, RESIDUES AND CONTAINERS IN COMPLIANCE WITH ALL RELEVANT LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS REGARDING TREATMENT, STORAGE AND DISPOSAL FOR HAZARDOUS AND NONHAZARDOUS WASTES.

Waste Disposal Summary :	If this product becomes a waste, it meets the criteria of a hazardous waste as defined under 40 CFR 261 and would have the following EPA hazardous waste number: D001.If this product becomes a waste, it will be a hazardous waste which is subject to the Land Disposal restrictions under 40 CFR 268 and must be managed accordingly.
Disposal Methods :	As a hazardous solid waste it should be disposed of in accordance

Jisposal Methods :	As a hazardous solid waste it should be disposed of in accordance
	with local, state and federal regulations.

Potential US EPA Waste Codes : D001

### **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Land (US DOT):	UN2880 CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE, HYDRATED MIXTURE 5.1 II
Water (IMDG):	UN2880 CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE, HYDRATED MIXTURE, 5.1 II
	MARINE POLLUTANT

Flash Point: Not applicable UN2880 CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE, HYDRATED MIXTURE, 5.1 II Air (IATA): Super Shockwave Shock Treatment for Swimming Pools REVISION DATE : 04/21/2010 Page 10 of 14



Emergency Response Guide Number: ERG # 140

Transportation Notes:

Under specific circumstances, this product can ship under two transport exceptions, Limited Quantity or Consumer Commodity. See Bill of Lading for proper shipping description. REPORTABLE QUANTITY: 10 lbs. (Per 49 CFR 172.101, Appendix) Material is not regulated as a marine pollutant for ground, rail car, or aircraft transportation within the USA if shipped in non bulk packages per marine pollutant exception 49 CFR 171.4(c).

EMS:

F-H, S-Q

### **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### UNITED STATES:

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA):	This is an EPA registered pesticide.
EPA Pesticide Registration Number:	1258-1239-42177
FIFRA Listing of Pesticide Chemicals (40 CFR 180):	This product is regulated under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act. It must be used for purposes consistent with its labeling.

#### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) Title III:

Hazard Categories Sections 311 / 31	2 (40 CFR 370.2):
Health	Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard
Physical	Fire Hazard

#### Emergency Planning & Community Right to Know (40 CFR 355, App. A):

<b>Extremely Hazardou</b>	s Substance Section 302 -	Threshold Planning Quantity:
ZUS_SAR302	TPQ (threshold planning	None established

quantity)

### Reportable Quantity (49 CFR 172.101, Appendix):

 ZUS\_CERCLA
 Reportable quantity
 Calcium hypochlorite

 Value:
 10lbs

 ZUS\_SAR302
 Reportable quantity
 None established

#### Supplier Notification Requirements (40 CFR 372.45), 313 Reportable Components

ZUS\_SAR313 De minimis concentration

None established

#### Clean Air Act Toxic ARP Section 112r: CAA 112R None established

#### Clean Air Act Socmi:



HON SOC	None established
Clean Air Act VOC Section 11 CAA 111	1: None established
Clean Air Act Haz. Air Pollutar ZUS_CAAHAP	nts Section 112: None established
ZUS_CAAHRP	None established
CAA AP	None established

#### State Right-to-Know Regulations Status of Ingredients

Pennsylvania:

CAS #	COMPONENT NAME	
10137-74-3	CALCIUM CHLORATE	
1305-62-0	CALCIUM HYDROXIDE	
7778-54-3	CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE	

ZUSPA\_RTK

Pennsylvania: Hazardous substance list 1989-08-11 CHLORIC ACID, CALCIUM SALT

Pennsylvania: Hazardous substance list 1989-08-11 CALCIUM HYDROXIDE

Pennsylvania: Hazardous substance list 1989-08-11 HYPOCHLOROUS ACID, CALCIUM SALT Environmental hazard

#### New Jersey:

CAS #	COMPONENT NAME
10137-74-3	CALCIUM CHLORATE
1305-62-0	CALCIUM HYDROXIDE
7778-54-3	CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE

ZUSNJ\_RTK

New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List (RTK-HSL) 2007-03-01 CALCIUM CHLORATE CHLORIC ACID, CALCIUM SALT

New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List (RTK-HSL) 2007-03-01



#### CALCIUM HYDROXIDE CALCIUM HYDROXIDE (Ca(OH)2) HYDRATED LIME

New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List (RTK-HSL) 2007-03-01 CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE HYPOCHLOROUS ACID, CALCIUM SALT BLEACHING POWDER

#### Massachusetts:

CAS #	COMPONENT NAME	
10137-74-3	CALCIUM CHLORATE	
1305-62-0	CALCIUM HYDROXIDE	
7778-54-3	CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE	

ZUSMA\_RTK

Massachusetts Right to Know List of Chemicals and Hazard Classifications 1993-04-24 CALCIUM CHLORATE

Massachusetts Right to Know List of Chemicals and Hazard Classifications 1994-04-01 CALCIUM HYDROXIDE

Massachusetts Right to Know List of Chemicals and Hazard Classifications 1993-04-24 CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE

#### **California Proposition 65:**

|--|

ZUSCA\_P65

None established

#### WHMIS Hazard Classification:

Ingredient Disclosure List (WHMIS) 2007-08-24 Threshold limits: 1 Weight percent 991 Calcium hydroxide



### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Revised to meet the ANSI standard of 16 sections

MSDS REVISION STATUS : SECTIONS REVISED: Major References :

1

Available upon request.

THIS MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET (MSDS) HAS BEEN PREPARED IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE FEDERAL OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD, 29 CFR 1910.1200. THE INFORMATION IN THIS MSDS SHOULD BE PROVIDED TO ALL WHO WILL USE, HANDLE, STORE, TRANSPORT, OR OTHERWISE BE EXPOSED TO THIS PRODUCT. THIS INFORMATION HAS BEEN PREPARED FOR THE GUIDANCE OF PLANT ENGINEERING, OPERATIONS AND MANAGEMENT AND FOR PERSONS WORKING WITH OR HANDLING THIS PRODUCT. ARCH CHEMICALS BELIEVES THIS INFORMATION TO BE RELIABLE AND UP TO DATE AS OF THE DATE OF PUBLICATION BUT, MAKES NO WARRANTY THAT IT IS. ADDITIONALLY, IF THIS MSDS IS MORE THAN THREE YEARS OLD, YOU SHOULD CONTACT ARCH CHEMICALS MSDS CONTROL AT THE PHONE NUMBER ON THE FRONT PAGE TO MAKE CERTAIN THAT THIS DOCUMENT IS CURRENT.